



for all the acidophilic plants
correction of alkaline and saline soils



SULFUR IN THE FORM OF PELLETS IS AVAILABLE IN THE FOLLOWING PACKAGES:

PE BAG 25 KG
NET PACKAGING

NON-RETURN BIG BAG
OD 500 KG
NET PACKAGING

NB HYGROSCOPIC PRODUCT

CORRECTIVE, SULPHUR FOR AGRICULTURAL USE ALLOWED IN BIOLOGICAL AGRICULTURE

SULFUR is a blend obtained through a controlled process of treatment of selected raw materials: elementary sulphur and mixed composted soil improver. The final product has nourishing and corrective effect of the sulphur, plus those amending of the humified organic substance. It is suitable for all crops, it unites agriculture and environment, has an effective and lasting action and it is easily strewn with fertilizer spreaders.

MAIN AGRONOMIC BENEFITS

- Provide sulphur, essential for growth and development of all crops that often need this element higher quantities than those of phosphorus;
- The presence of sulphur is crucial for the synthesis of amino acids and proteins, as well as of many vitamins;
- Furthermore, sulphur corrects the pH value of alkaline soil that causes insolubility of phosphorus and of most of trace elements;
- The organic substance, closely connected to Sulphur, allows formation of humic-mineral bonds which allow the presence of nutrient elements in the soil, in available form for the plant root system.

MAIN ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS

- Control of pH value of alkaline soils allows to reduce the presence of phosphorus and microelements no more insolubilized due to an excess of limestone;
- The presence of humid organic substance improves the physical, chemical, biological and mechanical properties of soil and consequently favours the agronomic efficiency of strewn fertilizer;
- SULFUR is allowed in biological agriculture.

PLANTS AND DOSAGE

(Average dose of use with corrective action against ferric chlorosis)

Base correction	8-20	q.l.s/ha
Maintenance correction	3-10	q.l.s/ha

PLANTS AND DOSAGE

(Average dose of use with nourishing effect)

TREE CROPS: (grape-vine, olives, citrus fruits, fruits)	3-9	q.l.s/ha
HORTICULTURAL: (cabbage, broccoli, onion, bean, tomato, aubergines, strawberry)	2-6	q.l.s/ha
HERBACEOUS: (wheat, corn, field bean, lucerne)	2-5	q.l.s/ha

NB The distribution doses may vary according to the pedo-climatic characteristics of each area (chemical, physical and biological fertility, rainfall, and temperature) and must be included in the fertilization plan. The distribution quantities must stay on maximum values if the soil is poor of organic matter, on average values, in case of medium-textured soils and on minimum values in case of heavy soil. It is advisable to lightly bury into the soil (10-15 cm) Sulfur in the form of pellets, to improve the action of the product, avoiding direct contact with the roots of the plant (its function is being carried out even if strewn only superficially). The product is homogeneous, cylindrical, and thanks to its particular structure and innovative productive process, allows to:

- keep the bacterial micro fauna useful for the soil;
- maintain its physical state during storage;
- fast disintegration and immediate effect in the field.

Keep out of reach of children and animals. Protect yourself by using appropriate gloves and pay attention not to inhale the powders.

CORRECTIVE

SULPHUR FOR AGRICULTURAL USE

ELEMENT OR USEFUL SUBSTANCE	VALUE
Total Sulphur (S)	50%

ALLOWED IN BIOLOGICAL AGRICULTURE

Raw material: elementary sulphur and mixed composted soil improver.